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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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EXAMINER

DHARIA, PRABODH M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2673

DATE MAILED: 03/18/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/628,851

Applicant(s)

CONNOR ET AL.

Examiner

Prabodh M Dharja

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 July 2000.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-55 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-55 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 31 July 2000 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2,4.
- ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- ☐ Other: _____.

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Priority

1. Applicant's claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) is acknowledged.

Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

3. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it is not a single paragraph, it exceeds 150 words count and the bottom of the abstract sheet is stamped with blue ink.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1-37 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Barnard (6,456,938 B1).

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Regarding Claim 1, Barnard teaches a system for processing markup data for a map (Col. 15, Lines 39-47) on a personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7) comprising: (a) a personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); (b) an application on the personal digital assistant (Col. 15, Lines 39-47, Col. 19, Lines 4-7), the application configured to: (i) obtain a map as an encoded (Col. 42, Line 58 to Col. 43, Line 5) and spatially indexed vector representation of geographic data from a server (Col. 14, Lines 47-64); (ii) display the map on a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 15, Lines 39-42, Col. 19, Lines 4-12); (iii) obtain markup data (Col. 15, Lines 34-47) comprised of pixel data (Col. 12, Lines 37-39) from a user that utilizes a stylus to markup the map displayed on the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 33-41); (iv) create a file (Col. 18, lines 14-18) comprised of the markup data (Col. 21, Lines 3-63); (v) upload the file of markup data from the personal digital assistant to the server (Col. 36, Lines 33-42).

Regarding Claim 2, Barnard teaches a system for processing markup data for a map (Col. 15, Lines 39-47) (a) a personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) an application on the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 33-41), the application configured to: (i) obtain a file comprised of markup data for a map (Col. 18, Lines 14-18, Col. 21, Lines 3-63); and (ii) upload the file to a server (Col. 36, Lines 33-42).

Regarding Claim 3, Barnard teaches the markup data comprises pixel data (Col. 12, Lines 37-39) for a markup entity (Col. 21, Lines 3-63).

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Regarding Claim 4, Barnard teaches the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); obtains the file by obtaining markup data from a user (Col. 18, Lines 14-18, Col. 21, Lines 3-63).

Regarding Claim 5, Barnard teaches the markup data is a redline line (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 6, Barnard teaches (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 7, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

Regarding Claim 8, Barnard teaches the markup data (Col. 15, Lines 45-47) is note (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 9, Barnard teaches (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 20, Lines 56-58, Col. 21, Lines 48-55); (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 55-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67,

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Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 10, Barnard teaches the application uploads the data to a server by (Col. 36, Lines 33-42): (a) obtaining a socket connection (Col. 12, Lines 15-21, PC window software pass 1995 Win Sock driver which manages a network socket connection effectively supports bi-directional data downloading as well as uploading); (b) obtaining an inventory of resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 49-55); (c) searching for markup data associated with the resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 57-65); and (d) uploading all resident markup data to the server (Col. 17, Line 62 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding Claim 11, Barnard teaches the markup data is uploaded to a server directory on the server using a hypertext transfer protocol PUT request (Col. 17, Lines 49-52, Col. 15, Lines 32-36, Lines 45-47).

Regarding Claim 12, Barnard teaches the application on the personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) further configured to: (a) download any new mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 36-42, Col. 20, Lines 11,12); (b) delete unreferenced mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-45); and (c) delete any markup data associated with the deleted mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-49).

Regarding Claim 13, Barnard teaches a system for processing mark up data for a map comprising a server (Col. 17, Lines 31-65) configured to: (a) obtain a file comprised of markup

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data for a map (Col. 20, Lines 11-15); (b) convert the markup data to coordinate data (Col. 13, Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59); and (c) use the coordinate data to obtain a standard data format (SDF) file that can be used to superimpose the markup data on the map (Col. 17, Lines 57-61).

Regarding Claim 14, Barnard teaches the coordinate data comprises mapping coordinate system (MCS) coordinates and the server is further configured to convert the MCS coordinates to latitude/longitude coordinates (Col. 13, Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59).

Regarding Claim 15, Barnard teaches a graphical user interface for obtaining redline markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) the graphical user interface (Col. 6, lines 34-42) comprising: (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 16, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

Regarding Claim 17, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2).

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Regarding Claim 18, Barnard teaches a graphical user interface for obtaining redline markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) the graphical user interface (Col. 6, lines 34-42) comprising: (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 20, Lines 56-58, Col. 21, Lines 48-55); (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 55-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 19, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding Claim 20, Barnard teaches obtaining a file comprised of markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25, Col. 17, Lines 49-65); and uploading the file from the personal digital assistant to a server (Col. 17, Line 62 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding Claim 21, Barnard teaches the markup data comprises pixel data (Col. 12, Lines 37-39) for a markup entity (Col. 21, Lines 3-63).

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Regarding Claim 22, Barnard teaches the obtaining comprises obtaining markup data from a user (Col. 16, Lines 55-63).

Regarding Claim 23, Barnard teaches the markup data is a redline line (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 24, Barnard teaches (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 25, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

Regarding Claim 26, Barnard teaches the markup data (Col. 15, Lines 45-47) is note (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 27, Barnard teaches (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 21, Lines 48-55); (b) accept a user selection of, an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 55-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d)

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accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 28, Barnard teaches the application uploads the data to a server by (Col. 36, Lines 33-42): (a) obtaining a socket connection (Col. 12, Lines 15-21, PC window software pass 1995 Win Sock driver which manages a network socket connection effectively supports bi-directional data downloading as well as uploading) ;(b) obtaining an inventory of resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 49-55); (c) searching for markup data associated with the resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 57-65); and (d) uploading all resident markup data to the server (Col. 17, Line 62 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding claim 29, Barnard teaches the markup data is uploaded to a server directory on the server using a hypertext transfer protocol PUT request (Col. 17, Lines 49-52, Col. 15, Lines 32-36, Lines 45-47).

Regarding Claim 30, Barnard teaches the application on the personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) further configured to: (a) download any new mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 36-42, Col. 20, Lines 11,12); (b) delete unreferenced mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-45); and (c) delete any markup data associated with the deleted mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-49).

Regarding Claim 31, Barnard teaches a system for processing mark up data for a map comprising a server (Col. 17, Lines 31-65) configured to: (a) obtain a file comprised of markup data for a map (Col. 20, Lines 11-15); (b) convert the markup data to coordinate data (Col. 13,

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Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59); and (c) use the coordinate data to obtain a standard data format (SDF) file that can be used to superimpose the markup data on the map (Col. 17, Lines 57-61).

Regarding Claim 32, Barnard teaches the coordinate data comprises mapping coordinate system (MCS) coordinates and the server is further configured to convert the MCS coordinates to latitude/longitude coordinates (Col. 13, Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59).

Regarding Claim 33, Barnard teaches a graphical user interface for obtaining redline markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) the graphical user interface (Col. 6, lines 34-42) comprising: (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25).

Regarding Claim 34, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

Regarding Claim 35, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2).

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Regarding Claim 36, Barnard teaches a graphical user interface for obtaining redline markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) the graphical user interface (Col. 6, lines 34-42) the method comprising: (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 20, Lines 56-58, Col. 21, Lines 48-55); (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 55-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 37, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2). ***Claim***

Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 38-55 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Neal (6,192,518 B1) in view of Barnard (6,456,938 B1).

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Regarding Claim 38, Neal teaches an article of manufacture comprising a program storage medium readable by a computer hardware device and embodying one or more instructions executable by the computer hardware device (Col. 12, Lines 38-41).

However, Neal fails to teach performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data; obtaining a file comprised of markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant and uploading the file from the personal digital assistant to a server.

However, Barnard teaches performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); obtaining a file comprised of markup data for a map (Col. 20, Lines 11-15) on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) and uploading the file from the personal digital assistant (Col. 12, lines 15-25) to a server (Col. 17, Line 62 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Thus it would have been obvious to one in the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Neal in to the Barnard to be able to access previously created maps for downloading and editing by user and to provide for the uploading of maps and play data through a public access computer system such as internet on a PDA.

Regarding Claim 39, Barnard teaches the markup data comprises pixel data (Col. 12, Lines 37-39) for a markup entity (Col. 21, Lines 3-63).

Regarding Claim 40, Barnard teaches the obtaining comprises obtaining markup data from a user (Col. 16, Lines 55-63).

Regarding Claim 41, Barnard teaches the markup data is a redline line (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 42, Barnard teaches (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Regarding Claim 43, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

Regarding Claim 44, Barnard teaches the markup data (Col. 15, Lines 45-47) is note (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 45, Barnard teaches a graphical user interface for obtaining redline markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) the graphical user interface (Col. 6, lines 34-42) the method comprising: (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 20, Lines 56-58, Col. 21, Lines 48-55); (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 55-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-

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60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Regarding Claim 46, Barnard teaches the application uploads the data to a server by (Col. 36, Lines 33-42): (a) obtaining a socket connection (Col. 12, Lines 15-21, PC window software pass 1995 Win Sock driver which manages a network socket connection effectively supports bi-directional data downloading as well as uploading); (b) obtaining an inventory of resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 49-55); (c) searching for markup data associated with the resident mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 57-65); and (d) uploading all resident markup data to the server (Col. 17, Line 62 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding Claim 47, Barnard teaches the markup data is uploaded to a server directory on the server using a hypertext transfer protocol PUT request (Col. 17, Lines 49-52, Col. 15, Lines 32-36, Lines 45-47).

Regarding Claim 48, Barnard teaches the application on the personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) further configured to: (a) download any new mapsets (Col. 17, Lines 36-42, Col. 20, Lines 11,12); (b) delete unreferenced mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-45); and (c) delete any markup data associated with the deleted mapsets (Col. 20, Lines 43-49).

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Regarding Claim 49, Neal teaches an article of manufacture comprising a program storage medium readable by a computer hardware device and embodying one or more instructions executable by the computer hardware device (Col. 12, Lines 38-41).

However, Neal fails to teach performing a method for obtaining (a) note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data; (b) convert the markup data to coordinate data; and (c) use the coordinate data to obtain a standard data format (SDF) file that can be used to superimpose the markup data on the map.

However, Barnard teaches performing a method for obtaining (a) note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25), obtaining note markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); (b) convert the markup data to coordinate data (Col. 13, Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59); and (c) use the coordinate data to obtain a standard data format (SDF) file that can be used to superimpose the markup data on the map (Col. 17, Lines 57-61).

Thus it would have been obvious to one in the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Neal in to the Barnard to be able to access previously created maps for downloading and editing by user and to provide for the uploading of maps and play data through a public access computer system such as internet on a PDA.

Regarding Claim 50, Barnard teaches the coordinate data comprises mapping coordinate system (MCS) coordinates and the server is further configured to convert the MCS coordinates to latitude/longitude coordinates (Col. 13, Lines 3-16, Col. 15, Lines 45-47, Lines 56-59).

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Regarding Claim 51, Neal teaches an article of manufacture comprising a program storage medium readable by a computer hardware device and embodying one or more instructions executable by the computer hardware device (Col. 12, Lines 38-41).

However, Neal fails to teach performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data; the method comprising: (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected; and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant.

However, Barnard teaches performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25), obtaining note markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); the method comprising: (a) determine when a new redline object has been selected (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); and (b) obtain a redline object while a stylus remains in contact with a screen of the personal digital assistant (Col. 13, Lines 49-52, Col. 13, Lines 34-41, Col. 14, Lines 9-11).

Thus it would have been obvious to one in the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Neal in to the Barnard to be able to access previously created maps for downloading and editing by user and to provide for the uploading of maps and play data through a public access computer system such as internet on a PDA.

Regarding Claim 52, Barnard teaches (a) display a text edit dialog box on the screen (Col. 20, Lines 56-60) of the personal digital assistant (Col. 19, Lines 4-7); and (b) accept text user input in the text edit dialog box (Col. 20, Lines 56-60).

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Regarding Claim 53, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2).

Regarding Claim 54, Neal teaches an article of manufacture comprising a program storage medium readable by a computer hardware device and embodying one or more instructions executable by the computer hardware device (Col. 12, Lines 38-41).

However, Neal fails to teach performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data; for a map on a personal digital assistant (a) determine when a new note object has been selected; (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant; (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant; (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen; and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point.

However, Barnard teaches performing a method for obtaining note markup data for a map on a personal digital assistant, obtaining note markup data (Col. 13, Lines 34-41); for a map on a personal digital assistant (Col. 12, Lines 15-25) (a) determine when a new note object has been selected (Col. 20, Lines 56-58); (b) accept a user selection of; an anchor point in a display of a map on the personal digital assistant (Col. 21, Lines 45-60); (c) display a text entry screen on the personal digital assistant (Col. 20, Lines 56-60, Col. 21, Lines 53-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5); (d) accept text user input in the text entry screen (Col. 21, lines 65-67); and (e) display an icon representative of a note at the anchor point (Col. 21, Lines 65-67, Col. 22, Lines 2-5).

Thus it would have been obvious to one in the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Neal in to the Barnard to be able to access

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previously created maps for downloading and editing by user and to provide for the uploading of maps and play data through a public access computer system such as internet on a PDA.

Regarding Claim 55, Barnard teaches synchronizing the redline markup data with a server (Col. 16, Line 51 to Col. 17, Line 21, Col. 17, Line 57 to Col. 18, Line 2).

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is informed that all of the other additional cited references either anticipate or render the claims obvious. In order to not to be repetitive and exhaustive, the examiner did draft additional rejection based on those references. *Conclusion*

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chau et al. (6,643,633 B2) Storing fragmented XML data into a relational database by decomposing XML documents with application specific mappings.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Prabodh M Dharia whose telephone number is 703-605-1231.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM to 5PM.

11. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on 703-3054938. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

12. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

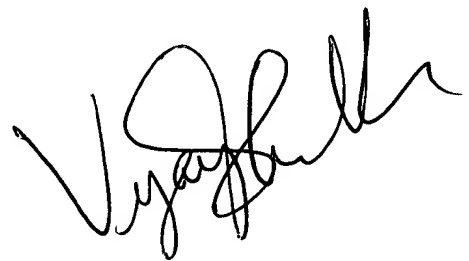
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

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March 08,2004

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Vijay Shankar', written in a cursive style.

**VIJAY SHANKAR
PRIMARY EXAMINER**